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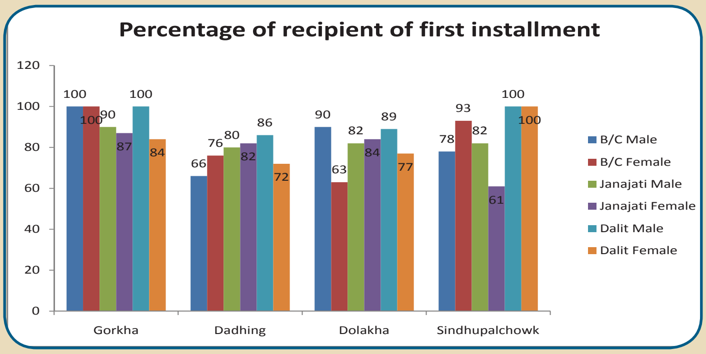
# खबर-पत्र

अंक ३, जुन-जुलाई २०१७

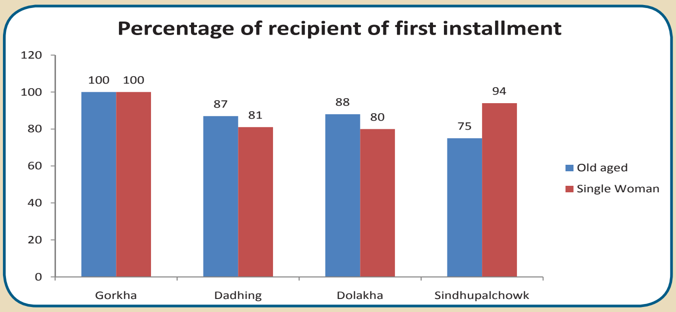
# भूकम्प प्रभावितले प्राप्त गरेको पहिलो र दोस्रो किस्ताबारे जानकारी

## १.१) पहिलो किस्ता प्राप्त गर्नेको सङ्ख्या




माथिको रेखाचित्रले सिन्धुपाल्चोकका जनजाति महिला र दोलखाका ब्राम्हण/क्षत्री महिलाहरु अन्य समुदायको तुलनामा पहिलो किस्ता प्राप्त गर्न पछाडि परेका छन् ।

## १.२) पहिलो किस्ता प्राप्त गर्नेको सङ्ख्या

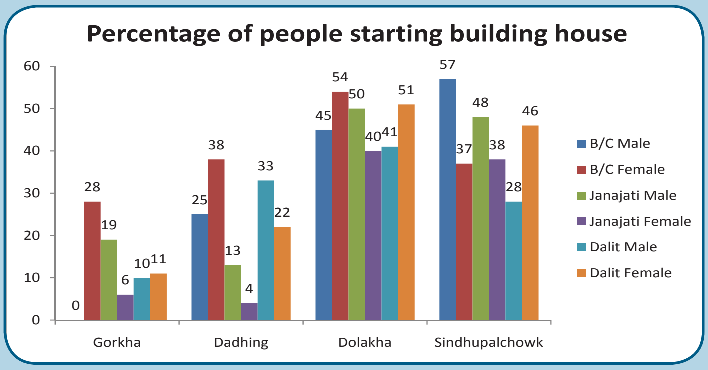



धादिङ, दोलखा र सिन्धुपाल्चोक जिल्लाका (१६.६६%) वृद्ध-वृद्धाहरुले पहिलो किस्ता अझैसम्म प्राप्त गरेका छैनन् भने ती जिल्लाहरुमा १५% एकल महिलाहरुले पनि पाएका छैनन् । यद्यपि, गोरखामा भने सतप्रतिशत वृद्ध-वृद्धाहरु र एकल महिलाहरुले प्राप्त गरेका छन् ।

## पहिलो किस्ता प्राप्त गर्न नसक्नुका कारणहरु:

१) बैंकको सूचीमा नाम छुट्नु २) घरको लालपुर्जा वैदेसिक रोजगारीमा भएका श्रीमान्को नाममा हुनु ३) गा. वि. स. को सूचीमा नाम छुट्नु ।

## २.१) घर निर्माण सुरु गर्नेको सङ्ख्या

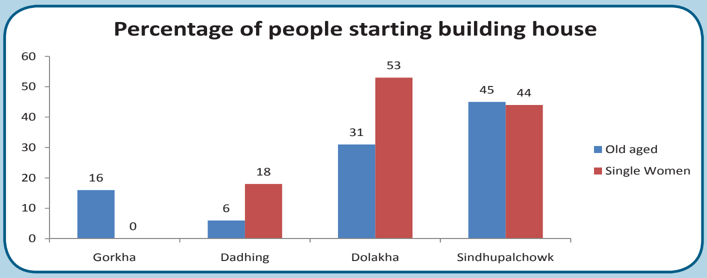



यो अध्ययनले गोरखा र धादिङ जिल्लाहरु घर बनाउन सुरु गर्ने जील्लाहरुमा तुलनात्मकरुपमा दोलखा र सिन्धुपाल्चोक भन्दा पछाडि रहेको देखाउँछ ।

### घर निर्माण गर्न सुरु हुन नसक्नुका चारवटा कारणहरु रहेका छन्:

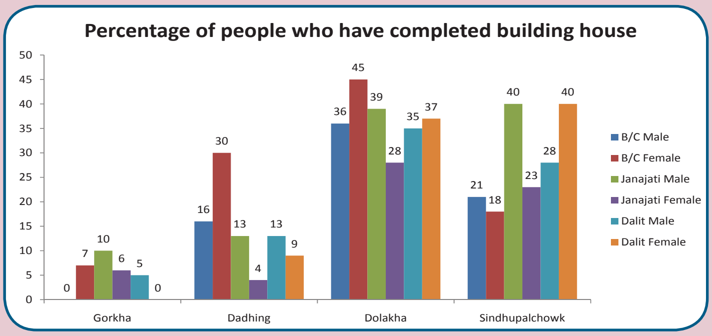
१) किस्ता रकम अन्य प्रयोजनमा प्रयोग हुनु २) अपर्याप्त रकम ३) उपयुक्त जग्गाको अभाव ४) निर्माण सामग्रीहरुको अभाव

## २.२) घर निर्माण सुरु गर्नेको सङ्ख्या



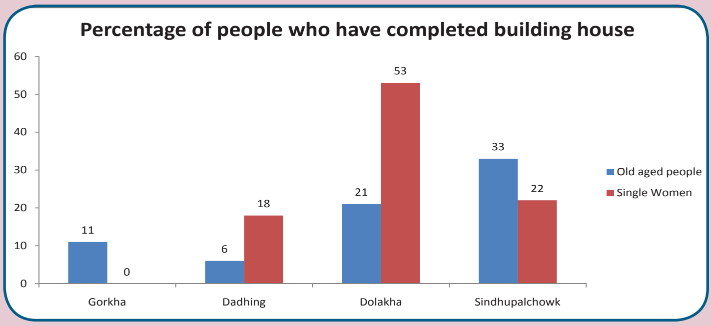

एकल महिलाहरुले पहिलो किस्ताबापतको रकम प्राप्त गरे तापनि घर बनाउन सुरु गरेका छैनन् । त्यसैगरेर, न्यून सङ्ख्यामा मात्रै वृद्ध-वृद्धाहरुले घर बनाउँदै छन् । वृद्ध-वृद्धा तथा एकल महिलाहरुले घर बनाउँदा समुदाय, छिमेक र सरकारको सहयोगको आवश्यकता पर्दछ ।

## ३.१) घर निर्माण सम्पन्न गर्नेको सङ्ख्या




पहिलो किस्ता बापतको रकम रु ५०,००० प्राप्त गरे तापनि गोरखा र धादिङ अन्य जिल्लाहरु भन्दा घर निर्माण सम्पन्न गर्नेमा पछाडि परेका छन् ।

## ३.२) घर निर्माण सम्पन्न गर्नेको सङ्ख्या

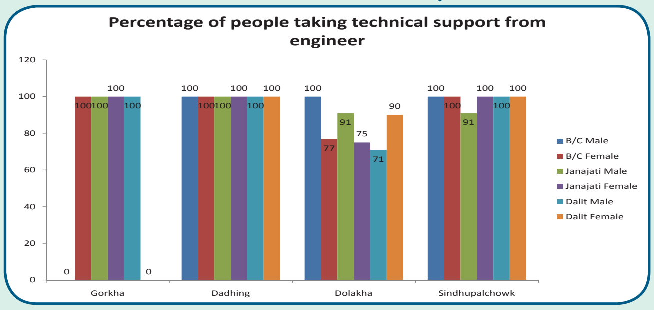


गोरखामा एक जना पनि एकल महिलाले घर बनाउने काम सम्पन्न गर्न सकेका छैनन् भने धादिङमा जम्मा ६% वृद्ध-वृद्धाहरुले मात्रै घर बनाउने काम सम्पन्न गरेका छन् ।
अर्को उल्लेखनीय पक्ष के रहेको छ भने निर्माण सम्पन्न सबै घरहरु प्राविधिकको निगरानीमा बनेका छन् र ती सबै घरहरु वृद्ध-वृद्धामैत्री घर रहेका छन् ।

**घर निर्माण कार्य सम्पन्न गर्दाका मुख्य चुनौतीहरु निम्न प्रकारका रहेका छन्:**

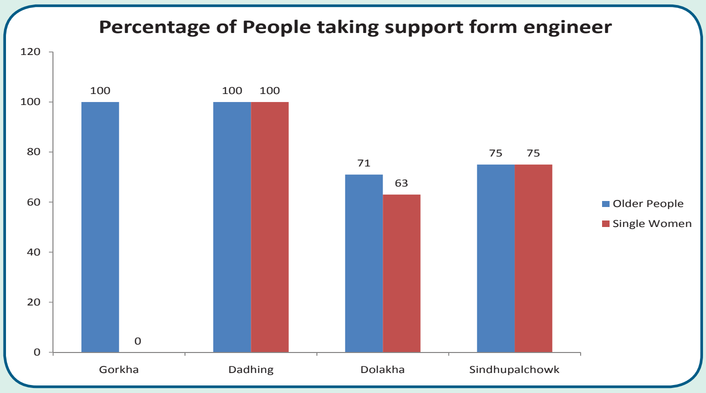
१) काठ र अन्य निर्माण सामग्रीहरुको अभाव २) निर्माण सामग्री र तालिम प्राप्त कर्मीको चर्को मूल्य ।

## ४.१) प्राविधिक सहयोग लिनेको सङ्ख्या



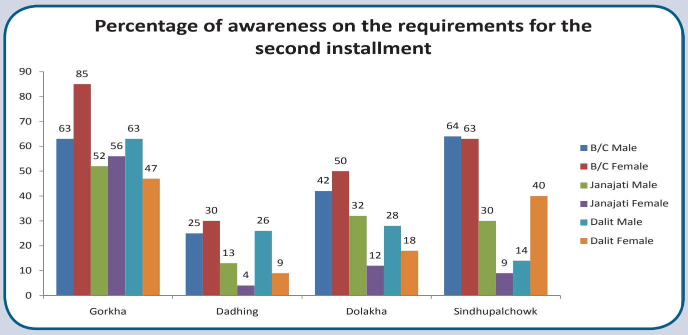

दोलखामा अन्य जिल्लाहरुको तुलनामा प्राविधिकहरुको निरीक्षणको कमी रहेको पाइन्छ ।

## ४.२) प्राविधिक सहयोग लिनेको सङ्ख्या




दोलखा, गोरखा र सिन्धुपाल्चोकका एकल महिलाहरुले घर बनाउने क्रममा प्राविधिकहरुको कम सहयोग भएको पाइन्छ ।

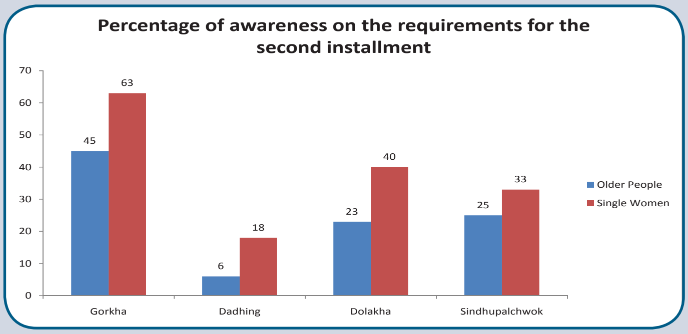
## ५.१) दोस्रो किस्ता सम्बन्धी सचेतना




धादिङ, दोलखा, र सिन्धुपाल्चोकका जनजाति महिलाहरु दोस्रो किस्ता सम्बन्धी प्रक्रियामा कम जानकार रहेको तथ्याङ्कले देखाउँछ ।

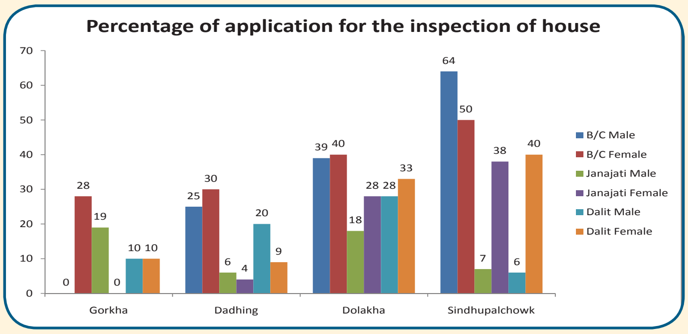
*नोटः यो अनुसन्धानको लागि गोरखा (बोरलाङ), धादिङ (खरी), दोलखा (खोपाचाङ्गु, चिलङ्खा, लामीडाँडा र लापीलाङ), र सिन्धुपाल्चोक (टेकनपुर र अत्तरपुर) जिल्लाहरुबाट ५०० जना उत्तरदाताहरु समावेस गरिएको छ । तथ्याङ्क सङ्कलनको लागि नमुना आकारको रुपमा दोलखाबाट २०० वटा र अन्य जिल्लाहरुबाट १०० वटाका दरले लिइएको छ ।*

## ५.२) दोस्रो किस्ता सम्बन्धी सचेतना



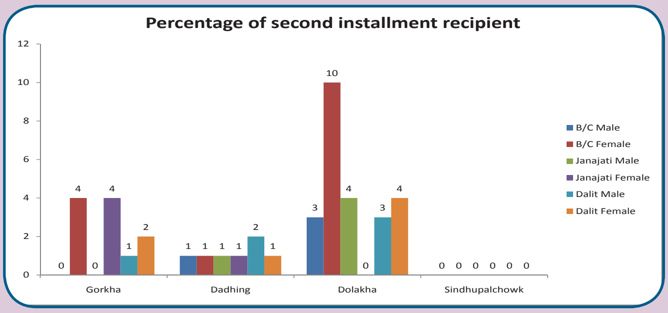

गोरखाका वृद्ध-वृद्धा र एकल महिलाहरु दोस्रो किस्ता सम्बन्धी कम जानकार रहेका छन् भने धादिङका बढी जानकार रहेका छन् ।

## ६) निरीक्षणका लागि आवेदन दिएका घरधुरी सङ्ख्या



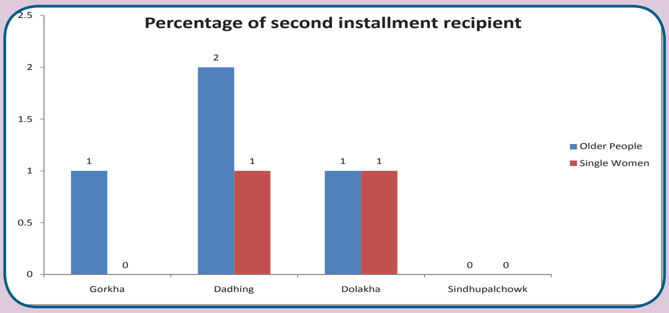

जनजातिहरु तुलनात्मकरुपमा घर निरीक्षणको लागि आवेदन दिनेमा र घर निरीक्षण हुनेमा धेरै पछाडि परेका छन् ।

## ७.१) दोस्रो किस्ता प्राप्त गर्ने घरधुरीको सङ्ख्या




गोरखा र दोलखामा जनजातिहरु दोस्रो किस्ता प्राप्त गर्नेमा तुलनात्मक रुपमा पछाडि रहेका छन् । यद्यपि, सिन्धुपाल्चोकमा भने अझै सुरु भएको छैन भने धादिङमा भने थोरैले मात्रै निवेदन दिएका छन् ।

## ७.२) दोस्रो किस्ता प्राप्त गर्ने घरधुरीको सङ्ख्या




यो रेखाचित्रले दयनीय अवस्थाको चित्रण गर्दछ । गोरखा जिल्लामा एकल महिलाले दोस्रो किस्ता अझै प्राप्त गरेका छैनन् । त्यसैगरेर, कुनै पनि वृद्ध-वृद्धा र एकल महिलाले पनि सिन्धुपाल्चोकमा अझै दोस्रो किस्ता प्राप्त गरेका छैनन् ।
यसको मुख्य कारण सूचनामा पहुँच नहुनु रहेको छ ।

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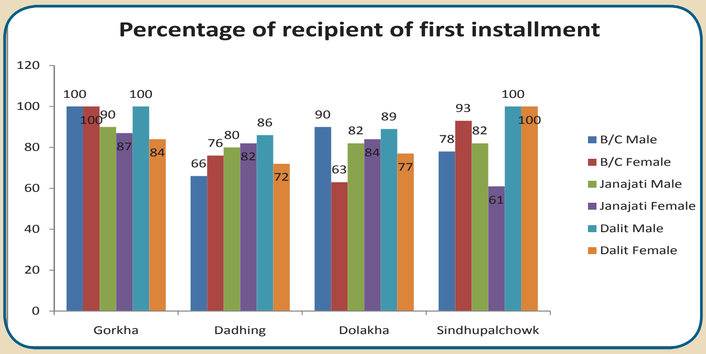
# Newsletter

Issue 3, June- July, 2017

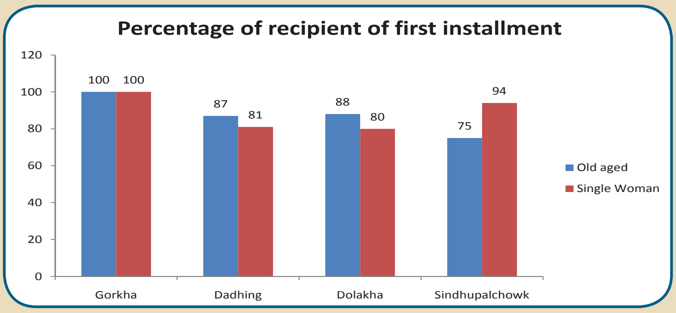
# Issuance of first and second installment grants of Earthquake survivors

## Figure 1.1: Recipient of first installment




The figure clearly illustrates that Janajati female in Sindhualchowk district and Brahmin/Chettri female in Dolakha district are lagging far behind to receive first installment as compared to others.

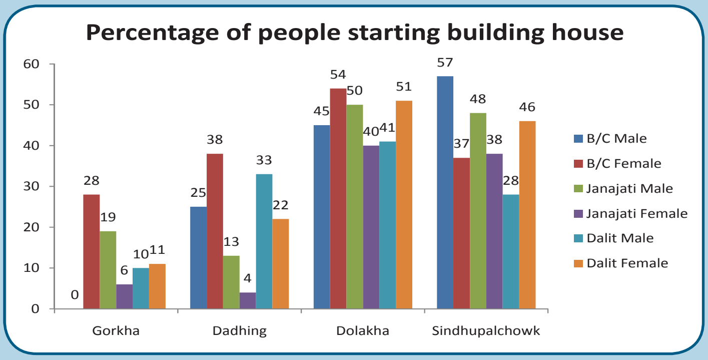
## Figure 1.2: Recipient of first installment




The old aged (16.66%) are still not provided with first installment in Dhading, Dolakha and Sindhupalchowk districts. Similarly, only 15% of single women are not provided with first installment in those districts. Whereas, Gorkha has provided to 100% needy from old age and single women category.

**The reasons for not receiving first installment include:** 1) names not enlisted in bank list 2) Land registration certificate owner is not available in village, many are abroad for the employment 3) name not issued by VDC.

## Figure 2.1: Building under construction

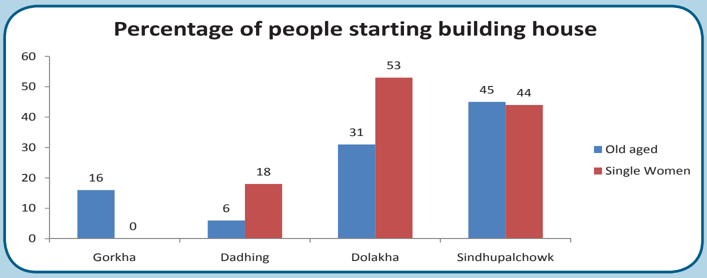



The study shows that Gorkha and Dadhing districts are lagging far behind in building houses in comparison to Dolakha and Sindhupalchowk districts.

**There are four main reasons for not initiating reconstruction of houses:**

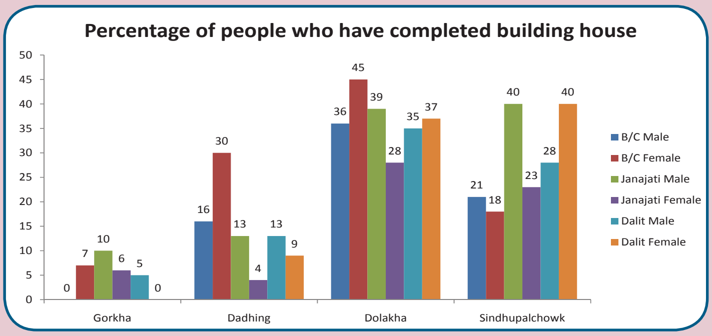
1) amount spent in other purposes 2) insufficient amount 3) lack of suitable land 4) lack of building materials

## Figure 2.2: Building under construction



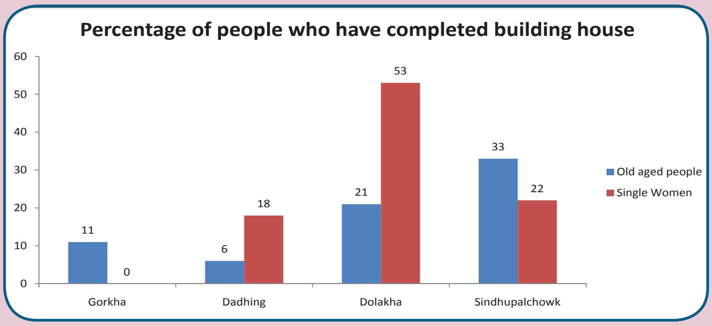

Single women in some of the districts have not stated constructing the houses although they have money for the construction (first installment). Similarly, very lower percentage of old people has started building houses. Single women and old aged people need more support to have their houses constructed from community, neighbors, governments etc.

## Figure 3.1: completion of building construction




Despite getting the first installment people in Gorkha and Dhading are lagging far behind in completing their houses in comparison to other districts.

## Figure 3.2: completion of building construction

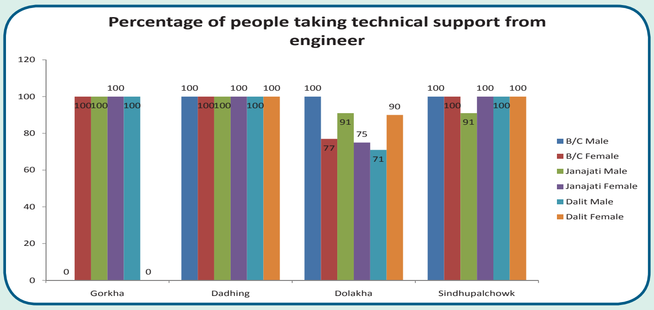


In the case of Grokha district, no single woman has completed building house whereas in Dadhing only 6% of old aged people have completed their house.

It is found that the entire households who have completed their houses have taken technical assistance from engineer and also have elderly friendly houses.

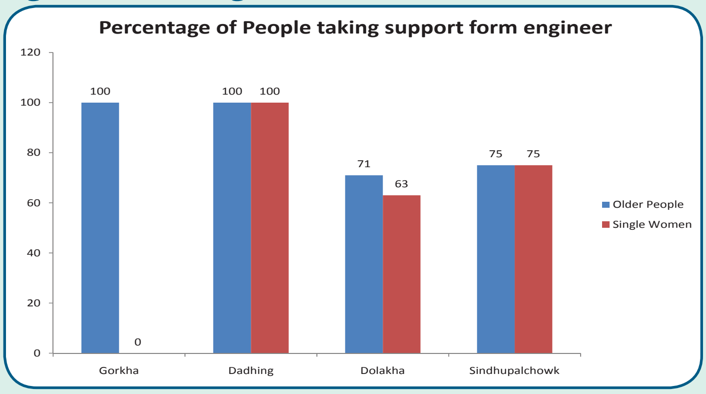
**The topmost obstacles explained by the respondents while building their houses are as follows:** 1) Lack of wood and other materials. 2) High price of building materials.

## Figure 4.1 Seeking technical assistance



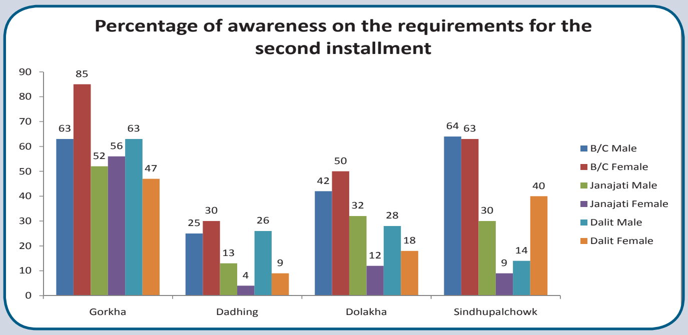

The supervision of engineer or technician is not enough in Dolakha as compared to other districts.

## Figure 4.2: Seeking technical assistance




The figures depict that single women in Gorkha, Dolakha and sindhupalchowk are lagging far behind in getting technical support from engineer.

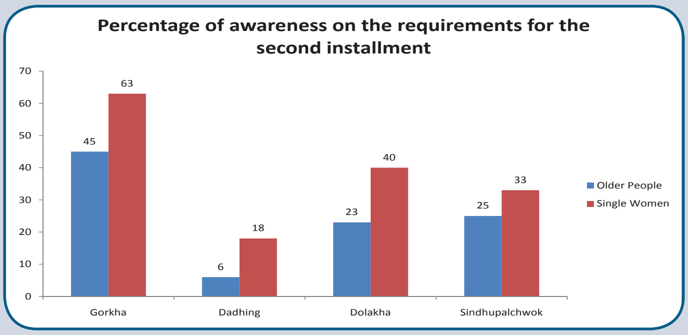
## Figure 5.1: Awareness on second installment




Janagati female are among the least aware of the second installment in Dhading, Dolakha and Sindhupalchok )

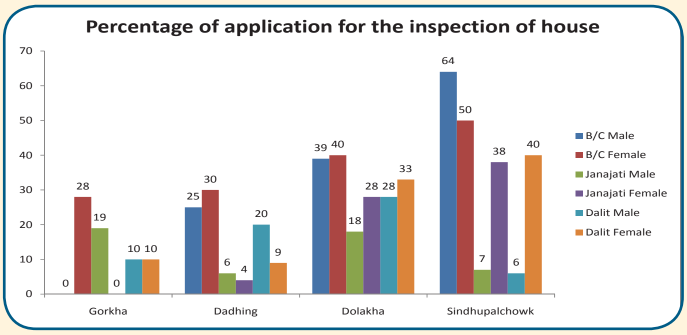
*Note: This report contains the data of the 500 respondents from four districts namely Gorkha (Borlang), Dhading (Khari), Dolakha (Khopachangu, Chilankha, Lamidanda and Lapilang) and Sindhupalchowk (Tekenpur and Attapur). The sample size of the data collection is 500; 200 from Dolakha district and 100 each from other 3 districts.*

## Figure 5.2: Awareness on second installment



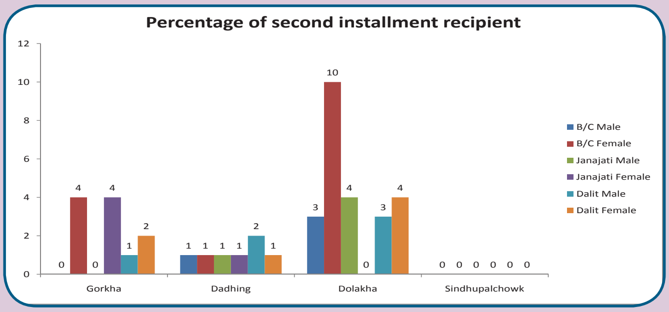

It seems that the older people and single women are more informed in Gorkha district and least informed in Dadhing district.

## Figure 6: Application for the inspection of house



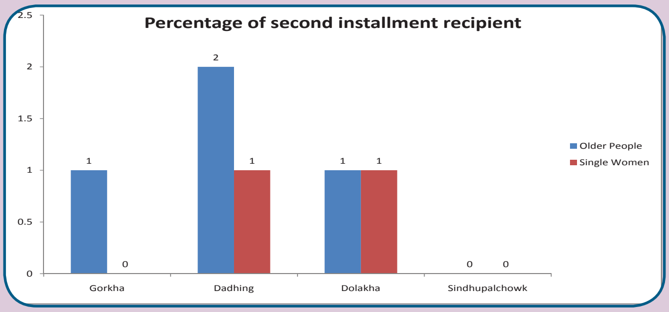

Janagati are far behind getting the inspection of house by engineer for the second installment.

## Figure 7.1: Recipient of second installment




In Gorkha and Dolakha districts Janagati are far behind getting the second installment. However, Sindhupalchowk has not initiated yet the process of getting second installment and very few people in Dhanding are applying.

## Figure 7.2: Recipient of second installment




The diagram reflects the worst condition. No single woman has received the second installment in Gorkha district. Similarly nil older people and single woman has received second installment in Sindhupalchowk district.

**The main reason for this is not having the access to information.**

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